

Assimilating MODIS AOD using WRF/Chem and GSI: Application to a Chinese dust storm

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Outline

- Scientific/Technical background
- Results for a dust storm over East Asia
- Future work

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AOD DA: 3DVAR

- Directly analyze 3D aerosol mass concentration with variational minimization procedure within the GSI

- Do NOT apply any assumption about vertical shape and relative weight of individual species.

$$J(x) = \frac{1}{2}(x - x_b)^T B^{-1}(x - x_b) + \frac{1}{2}[y - H(x)]^T R^{-1}[y - H(x)]$$

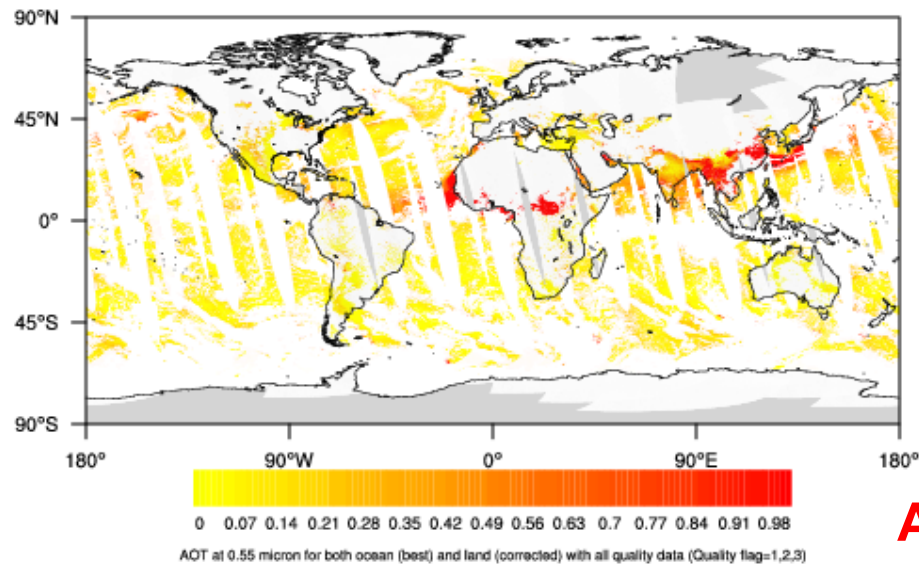
- 14 WRF/Chem-GOCART 3D aerosol mass concentration as analysis variables
 - need background error covariance statistics for each aerosol species
- Use CRTM as the AOD observation operator, including both forward and Jacobian models

Advantages of our 3DVAR approach

- Straightforward to add more AOD data from multi-sensor/angle products and also other aerosol related observations (e.g., PM₁₀/PM_{2.5}, Lidar profile).
- Allow simultaneous assimilation of aerosol and meteor. observations.
 - though NOT for the results shown here

Liu Z. et al. (2011), submitted to JGR.

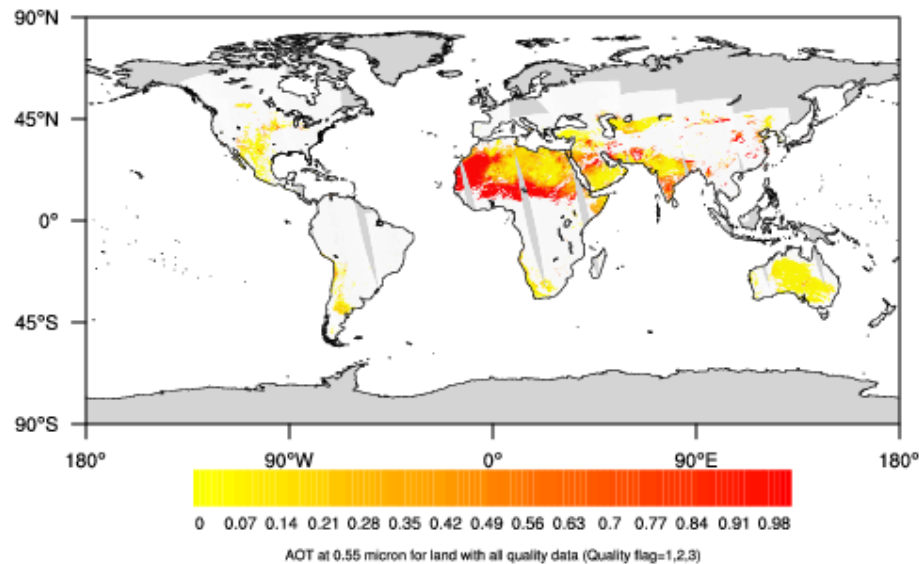
137 MODIS swaths: 20100321000008 - 20100321233508



Standard AOD product
over ocean & land

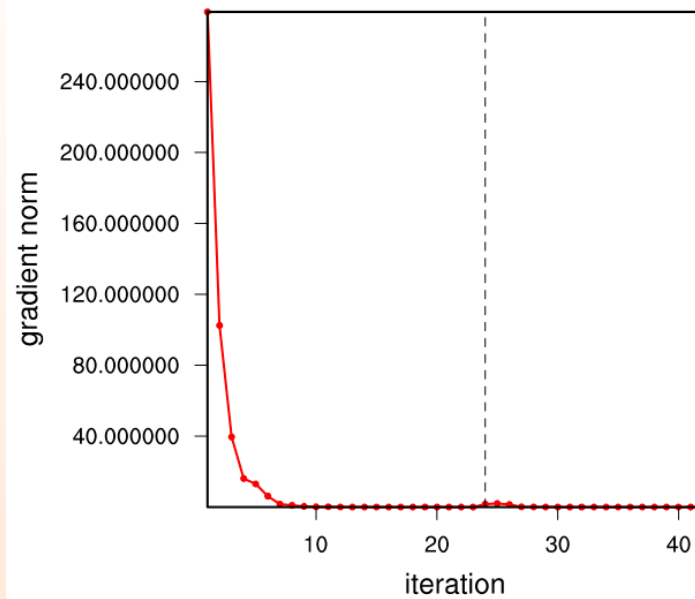
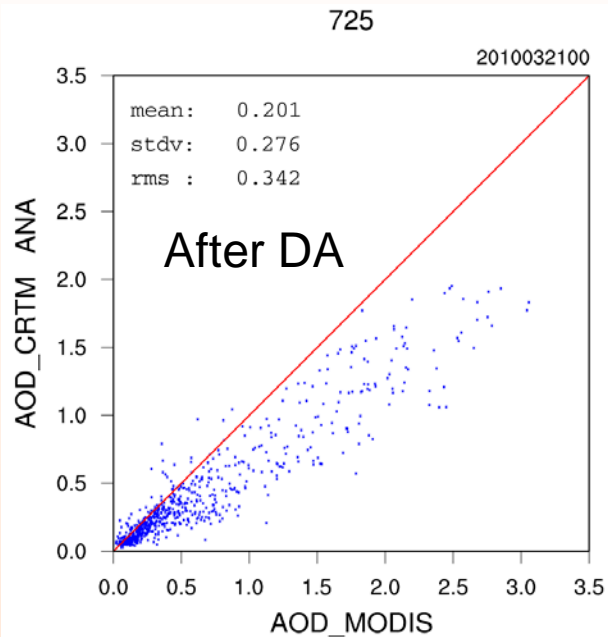
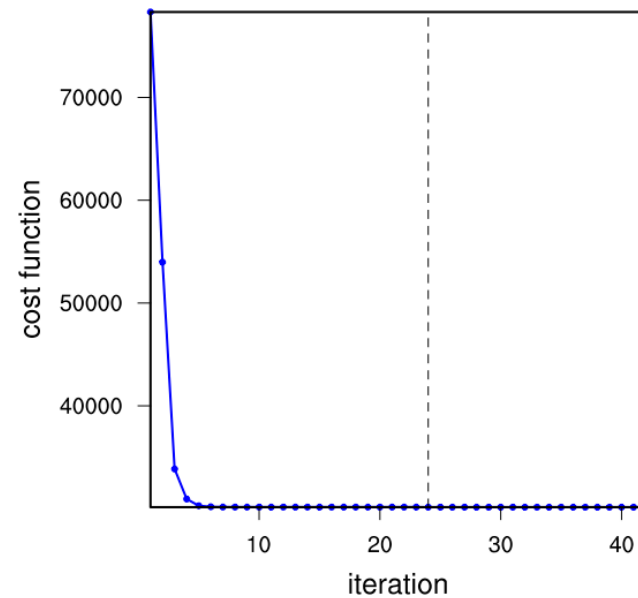
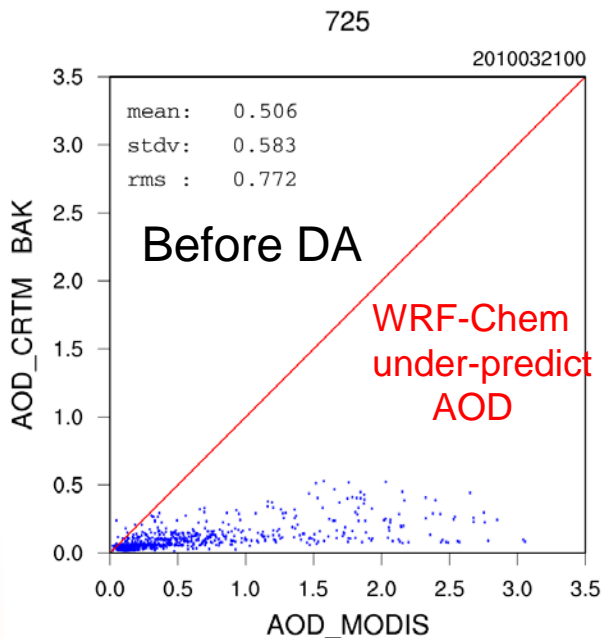
**Assimilate only 0.55 μm band
from both Terra and Aqua.
L2: 10km x 10km resolution.**

137 MODIS swaths: 20100321000008 - 20100321233508



"Deep Blue" AOD product
over bright land surface

Minimization



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Dust storm affected Nanjing on Mar. 21, 2010

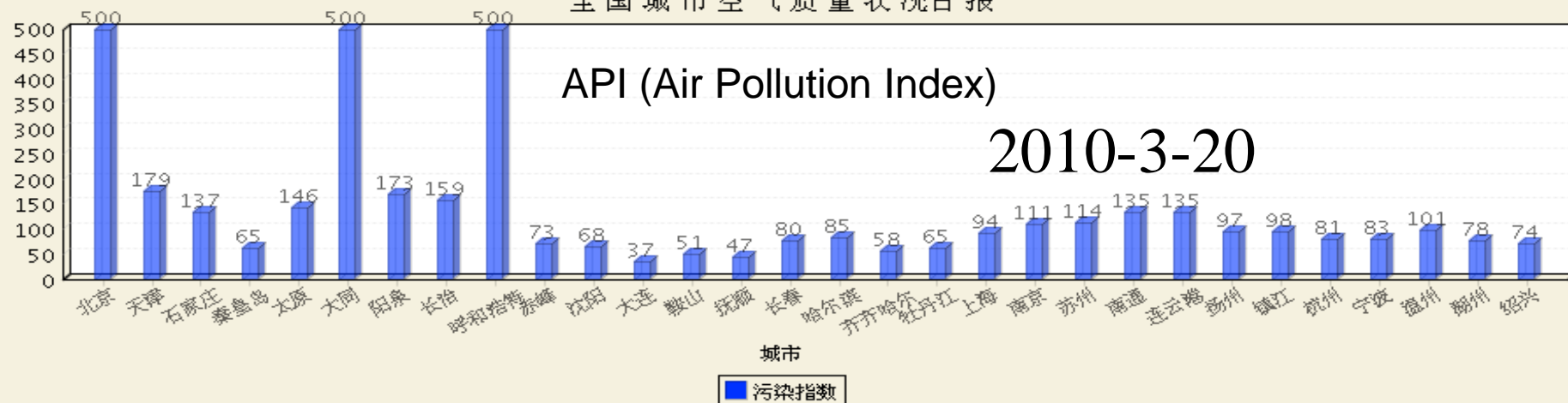


昨天北方沙尘来到南京,使南京蒙上灰蒙蒙的“沙帐”。张筠 摄

全国城市空气质量状况日报

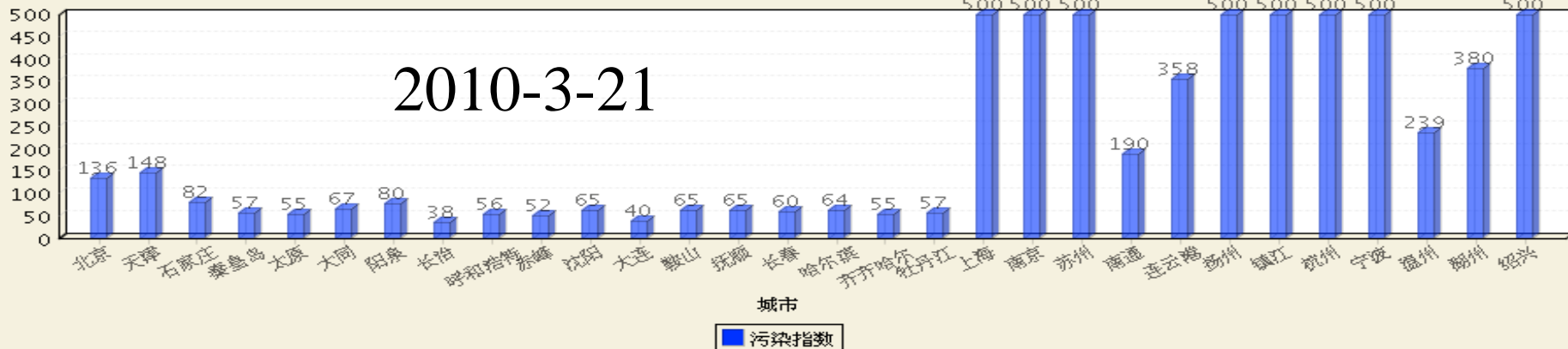
API (Air Pollution Index)

2010-3-20



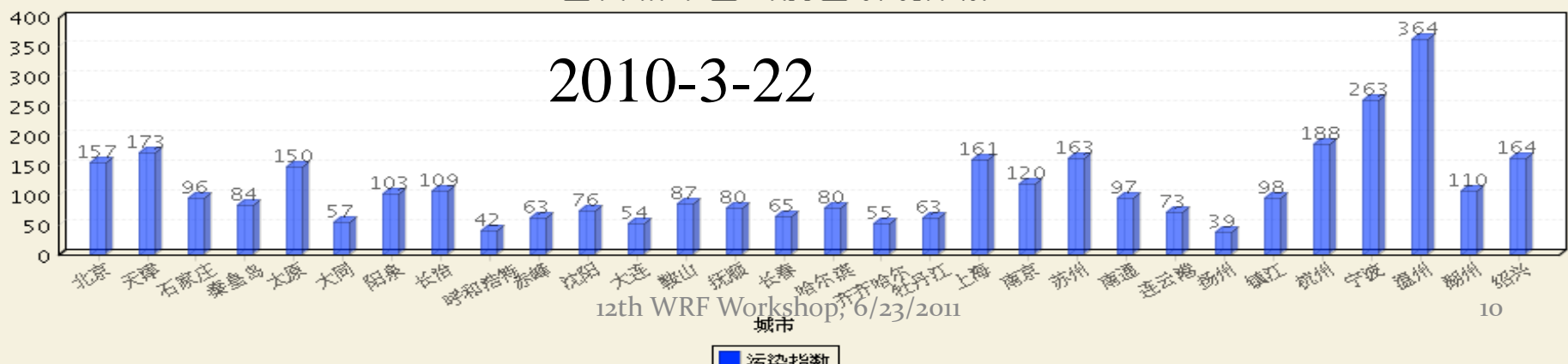
全国城市空气质量状况日报

2010-3-21

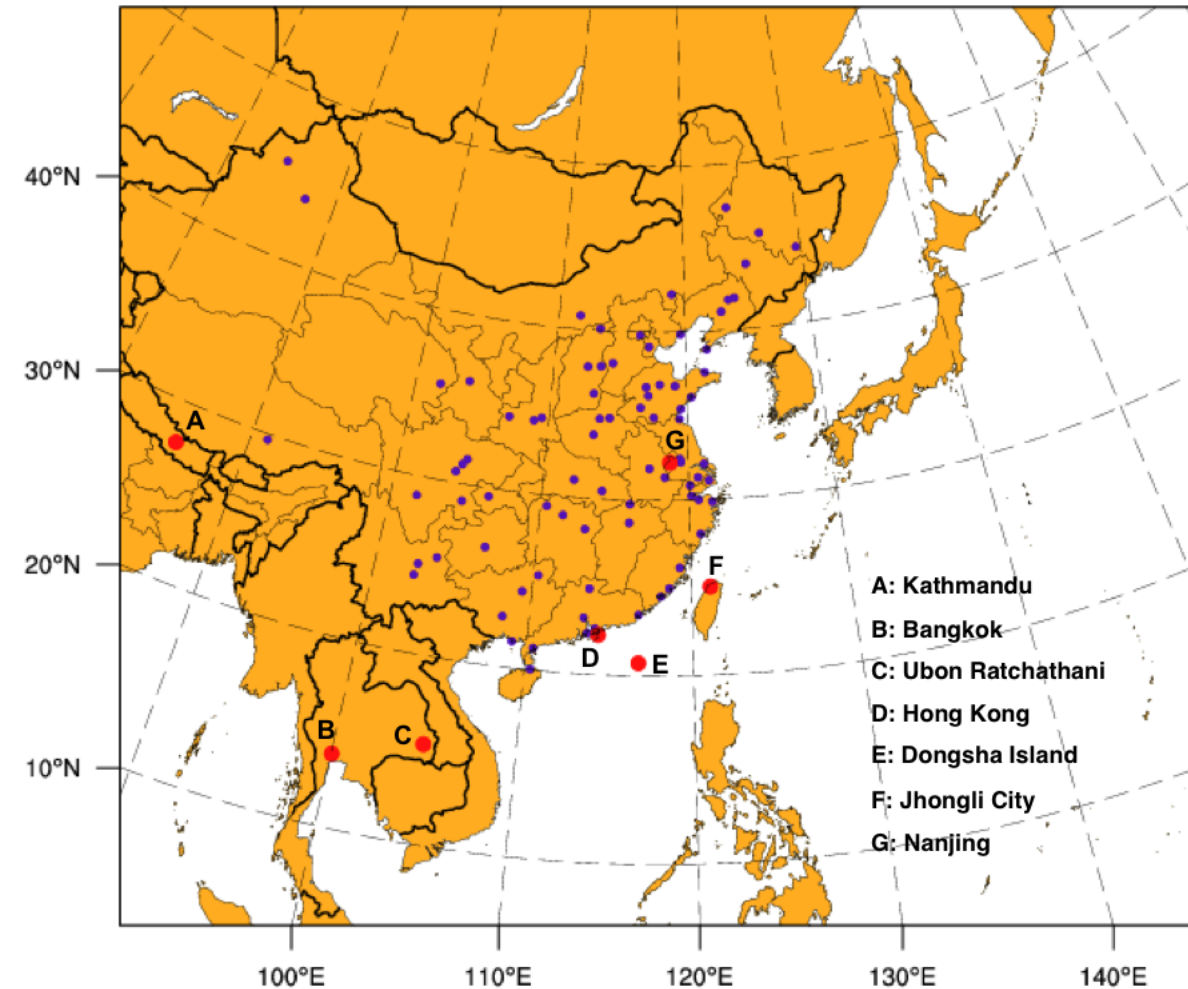


全国城市空气质量状况日报

2010-3-22



East Asia domain



261x222 @27 km
45L with top @50 hPa

Validation observations:
7 AERONET sites

chem_opt=301:
GOCART+RACM

Emissions:
Online biogenic
RETRO+"Streets" anthropogenic

LBC: NCAR CAM-Chem

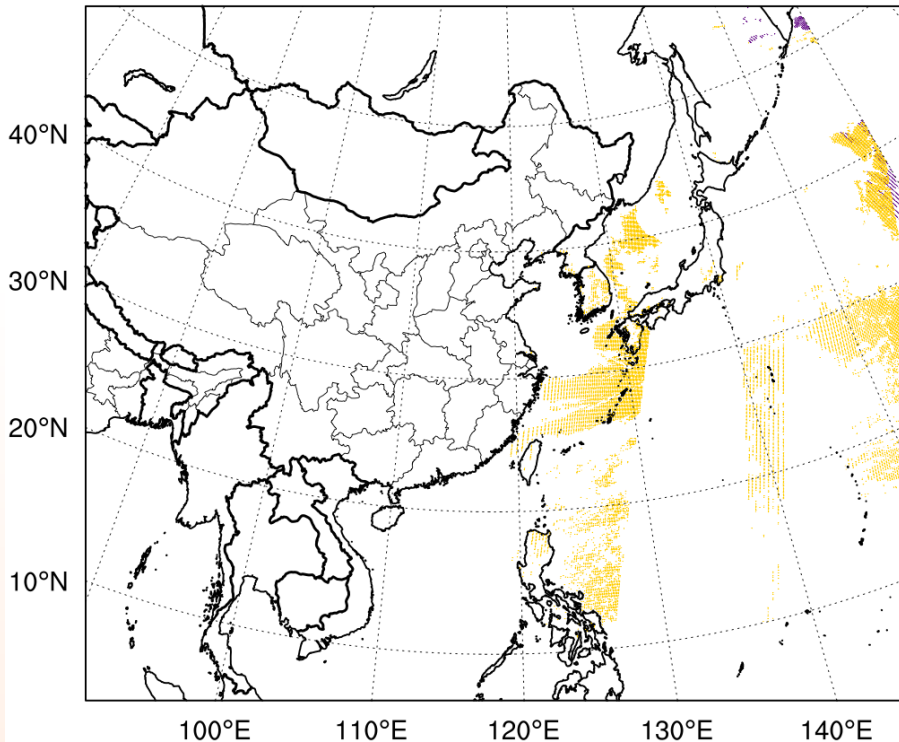
6-hr cycling DA/FC experiment:
17~24 March, 2010.
MET fields updated from GFS.
Aerosol fields updated from AOD DA.

L2 MODIS AOD@0.55 μ m coverage

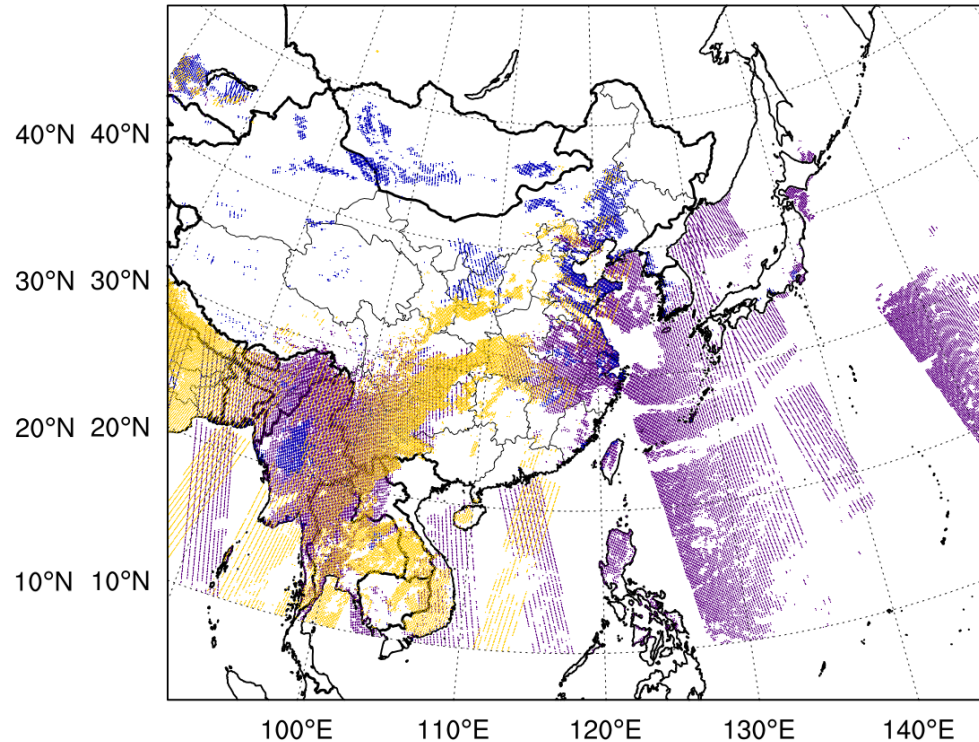
0000 UTC, 21 March 2010

Terra/Aqua

2010032100



0600 UTC, 21 March 2010



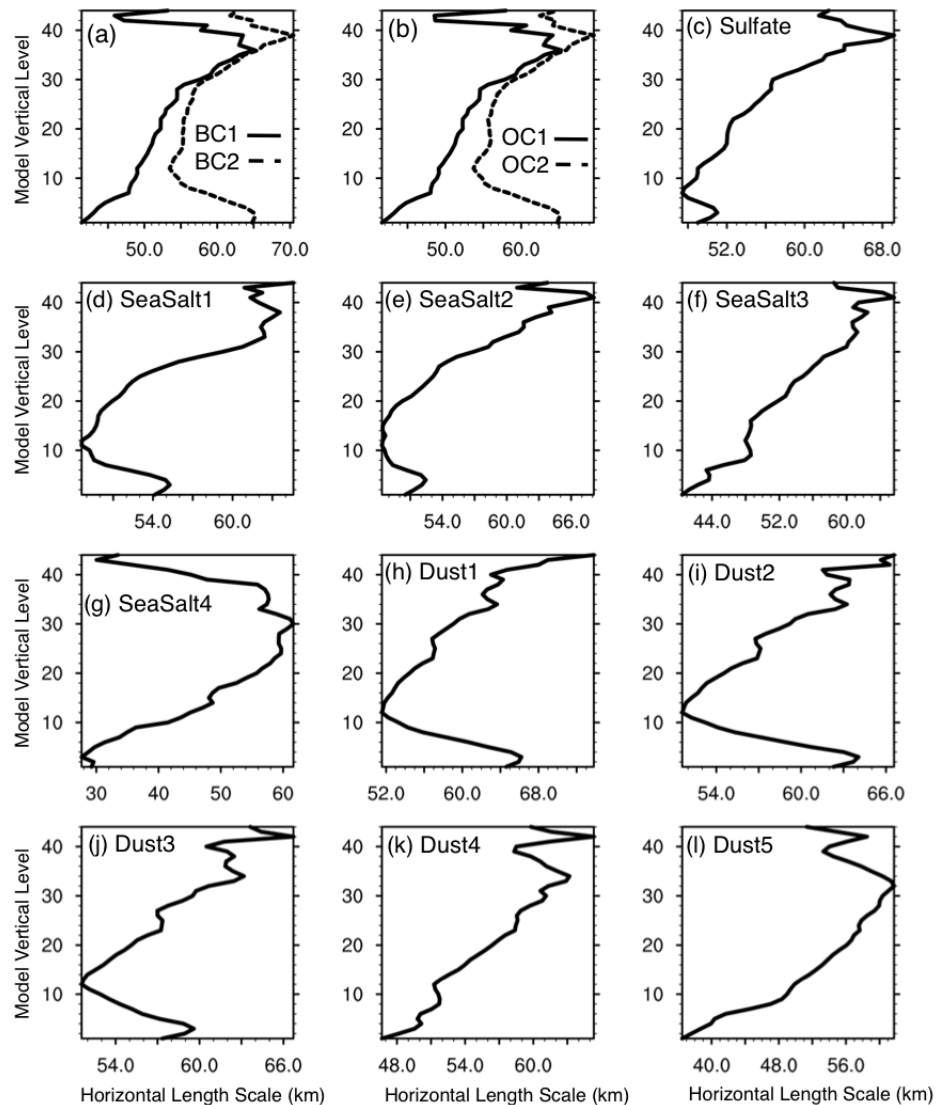
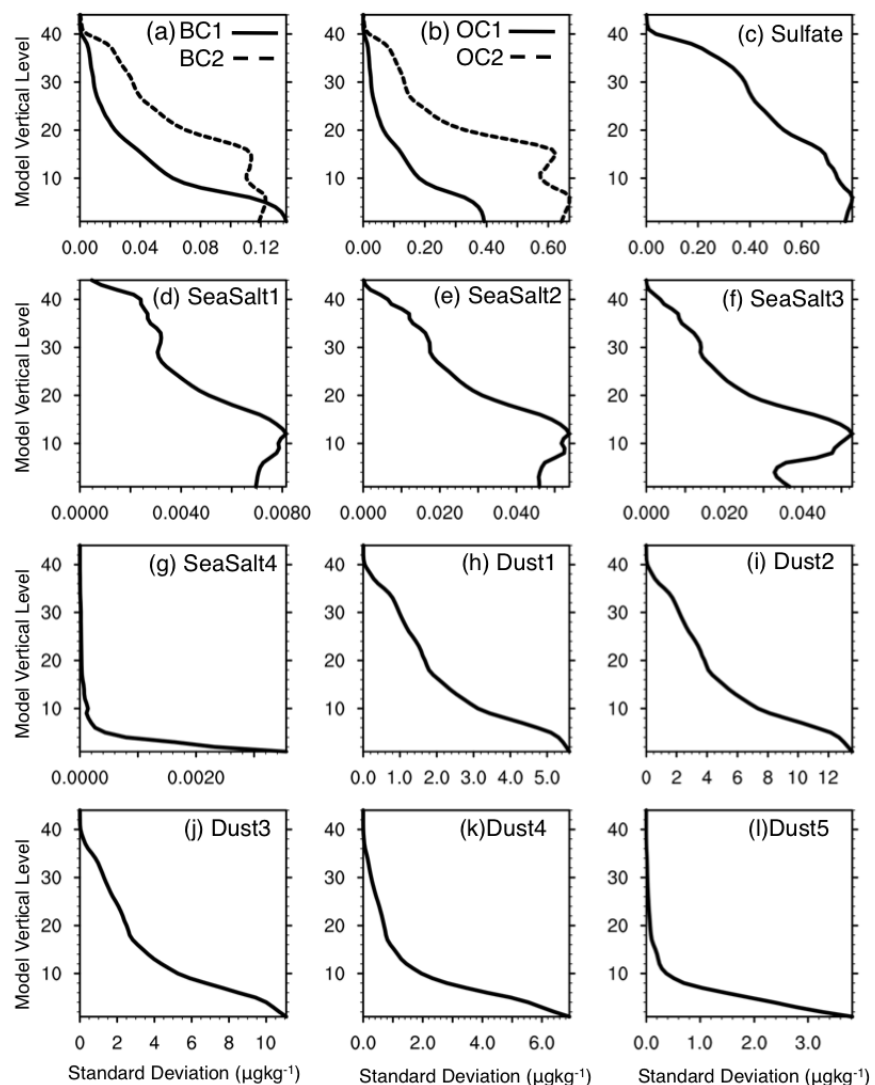
Data only available at day time
(00Z and 06Z), visible band.

purple: dark-surface retrievals from Aqua;
gold: dark surface from Terra;
blue: deep-blue produced from Aqua.

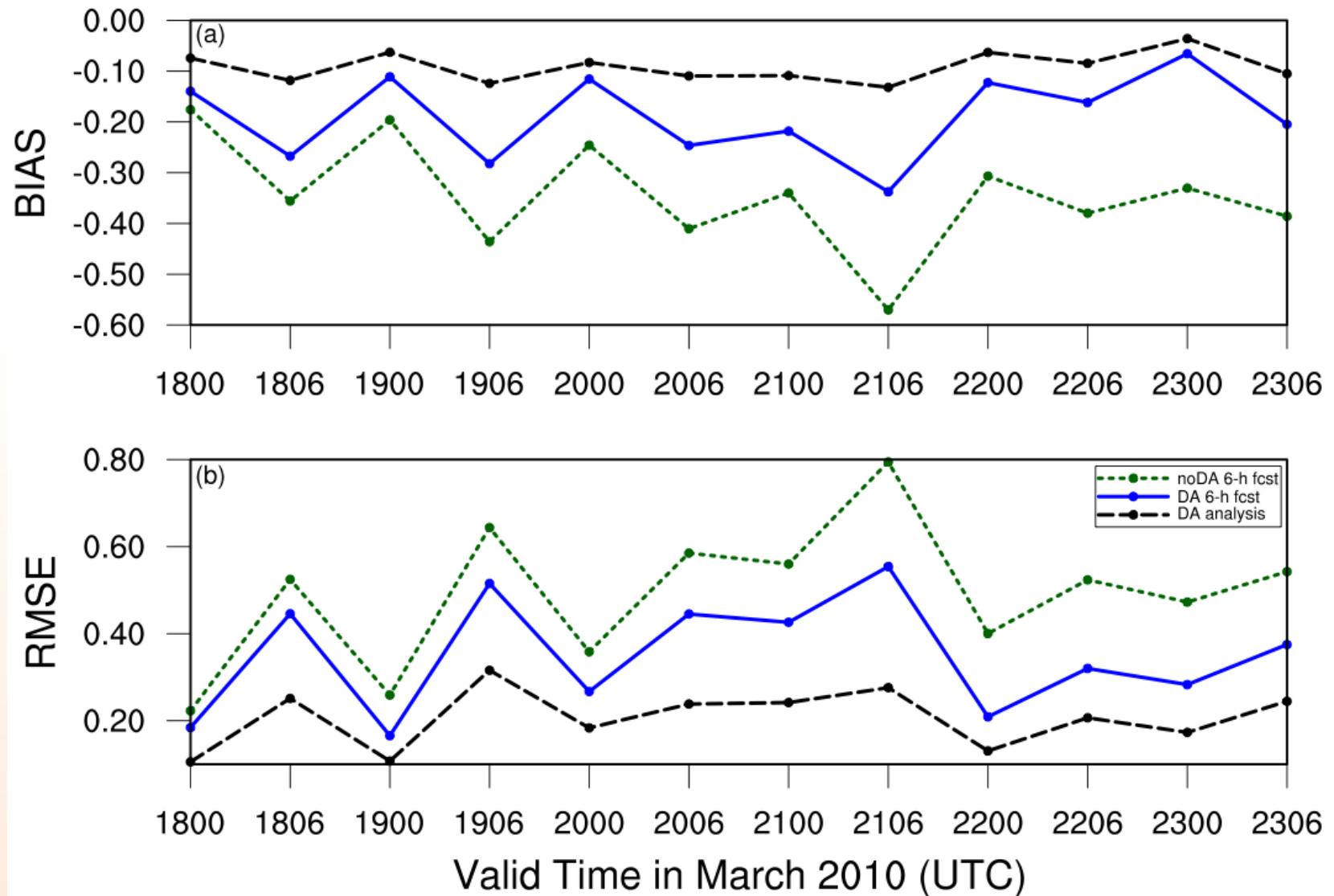
Estimate B for Aerosol Species

- “NMC” method was used to compute aerosol background error covariance (B) statistics using WRF-Chem model forecasts (at 00Z and 12Z) in March.
 - Uses differences between 24- and 12-hr forecasts valid at the same time
 - Compute standard deviation, vertical and horizontal length-scale for 14 GOCART aerosol variables
 - No multivariate correlation

Matrix B: Standard deviation & horizontal length-scale



OMB/OMA of MODIS AOD

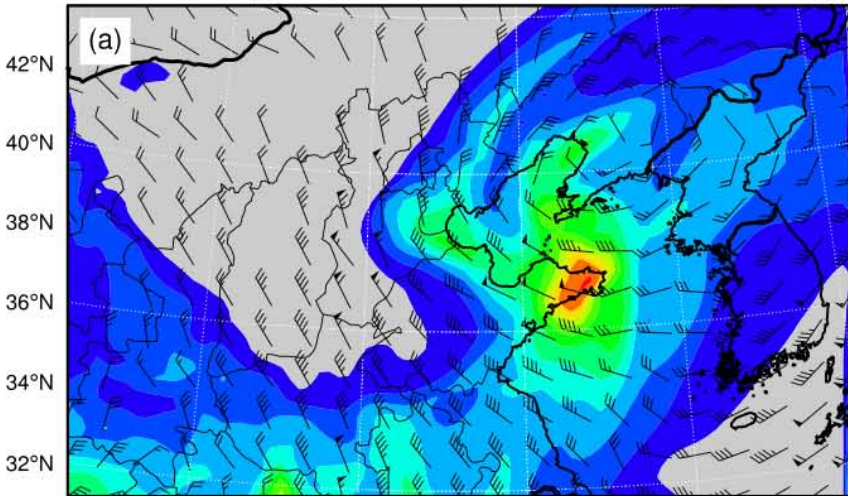




DUST

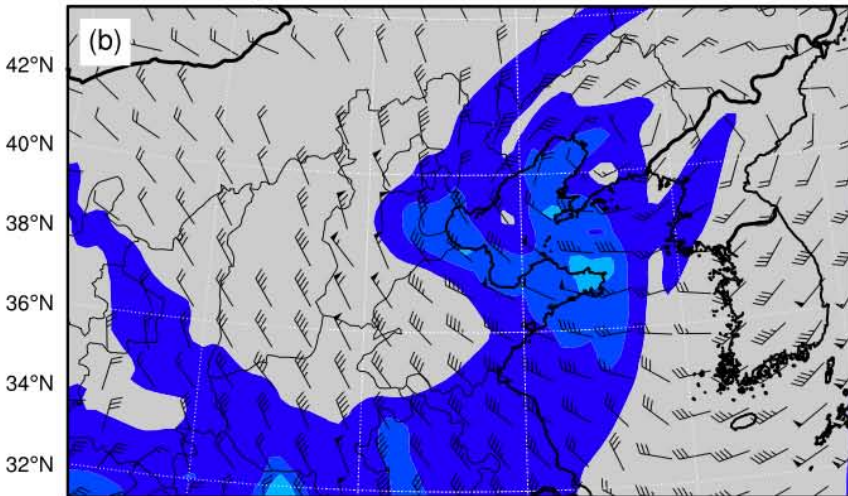
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DA

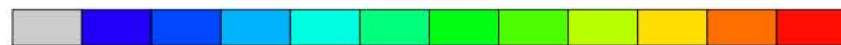


init:2010032000_valid:2010032003

noDA



110°E 115°E 120°E 125°E

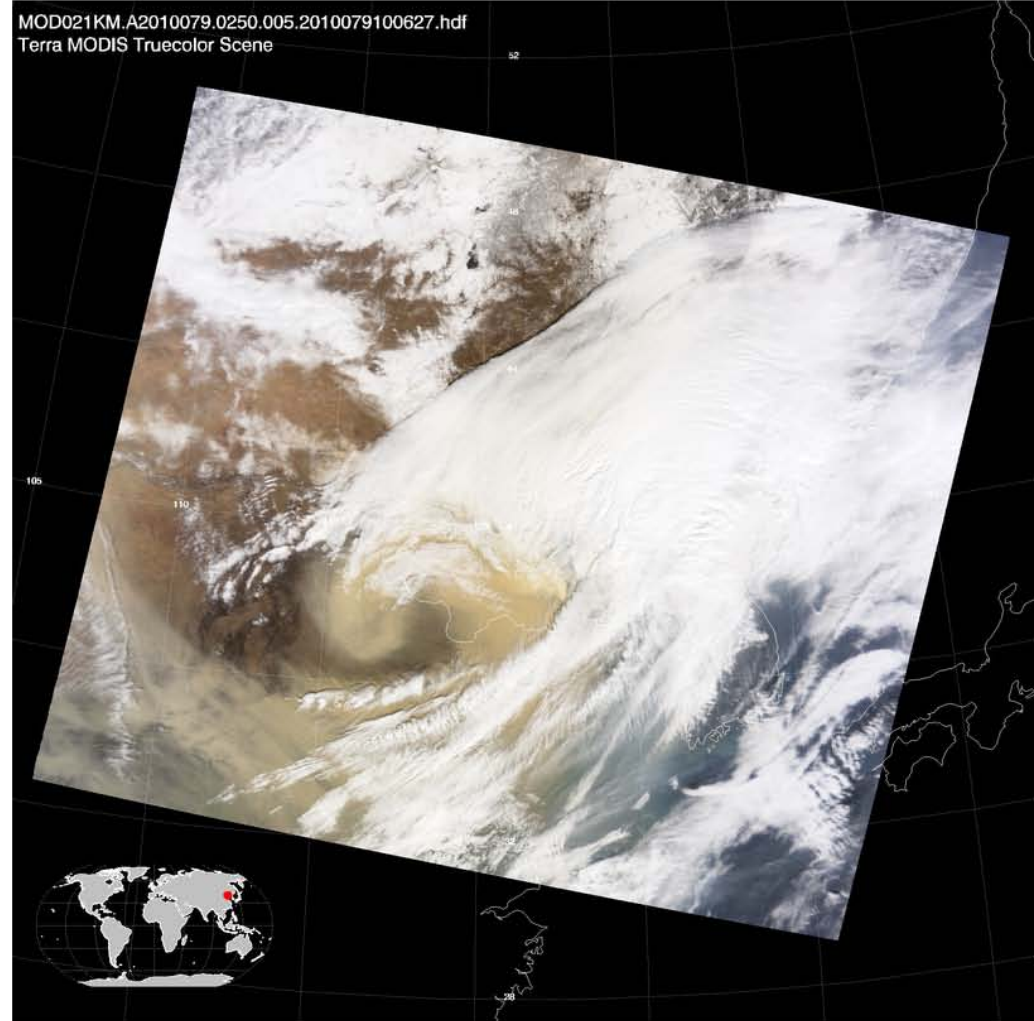


2 4 6 8 10 12 14 16 18 20 22

mg/kg

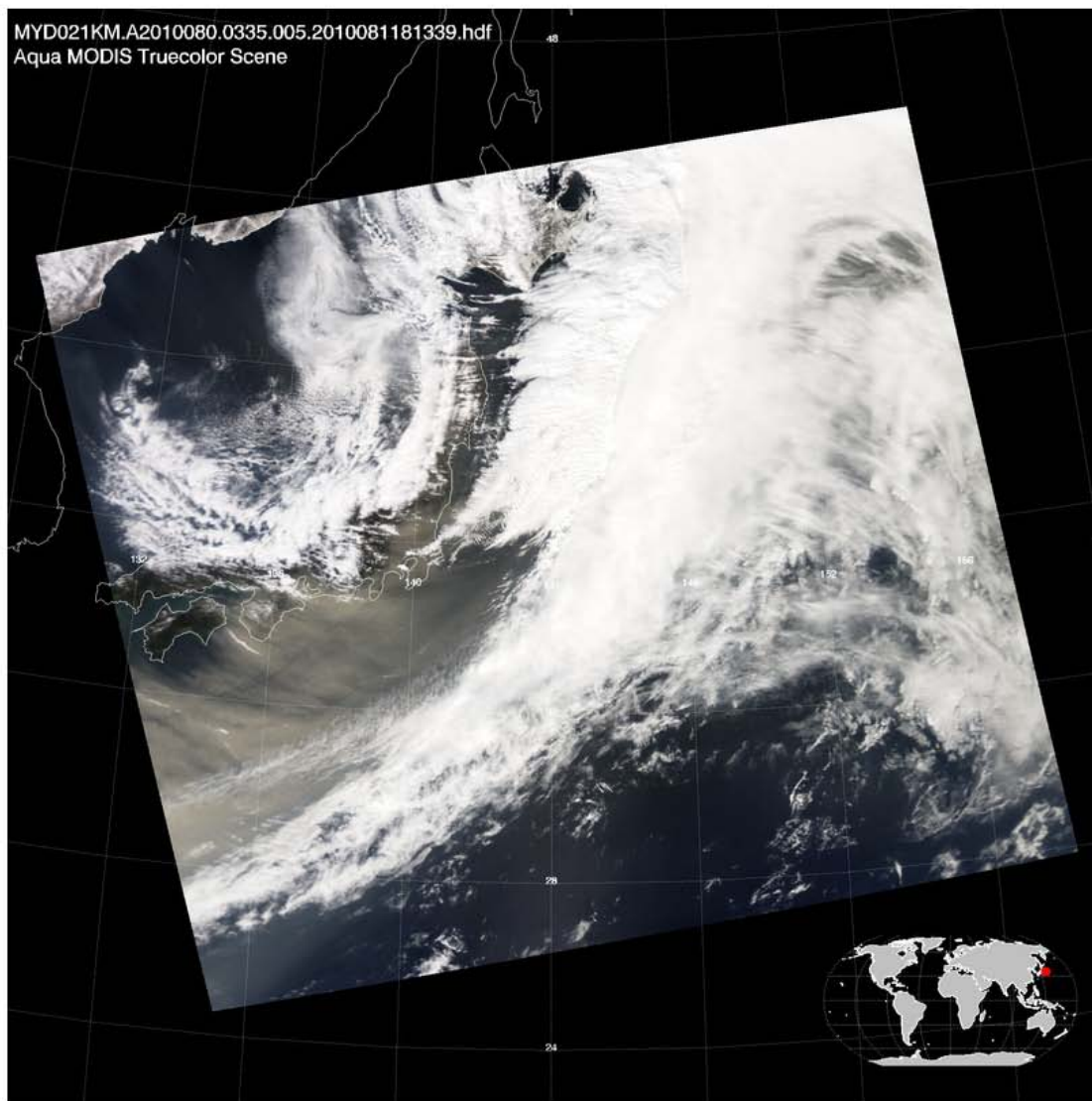
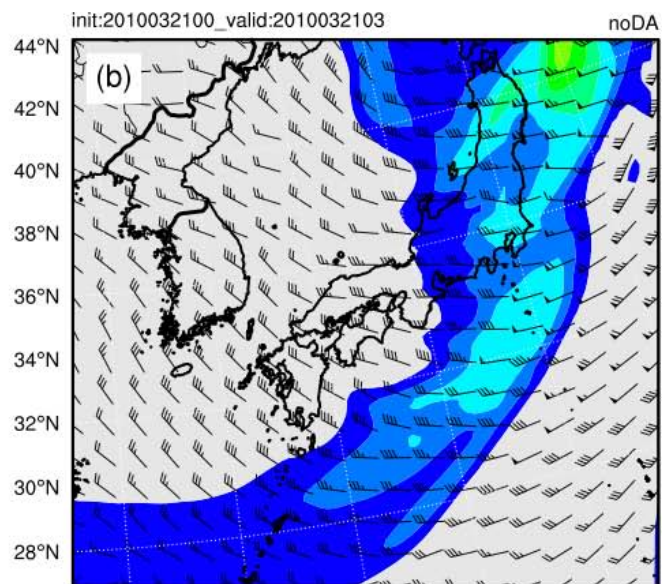
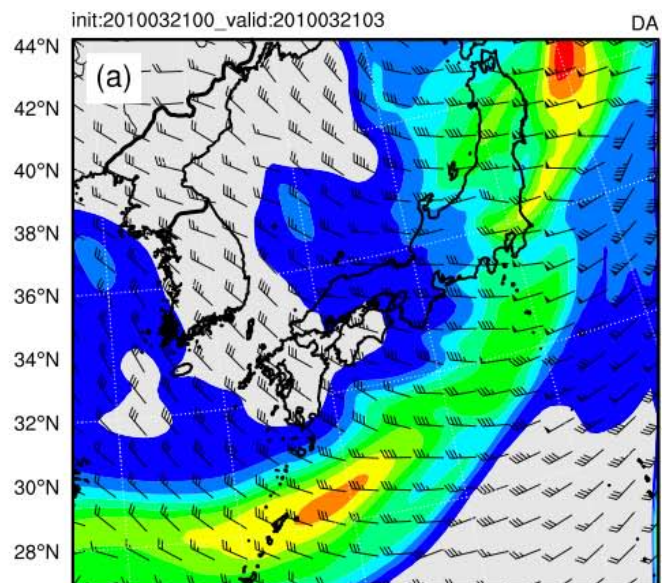
Column dust vs. MODIS true color image. 2010032003

MOD021KM.A2010079.0250.005.2010079100627.hdf
Terra MODIS Truecolor Scene



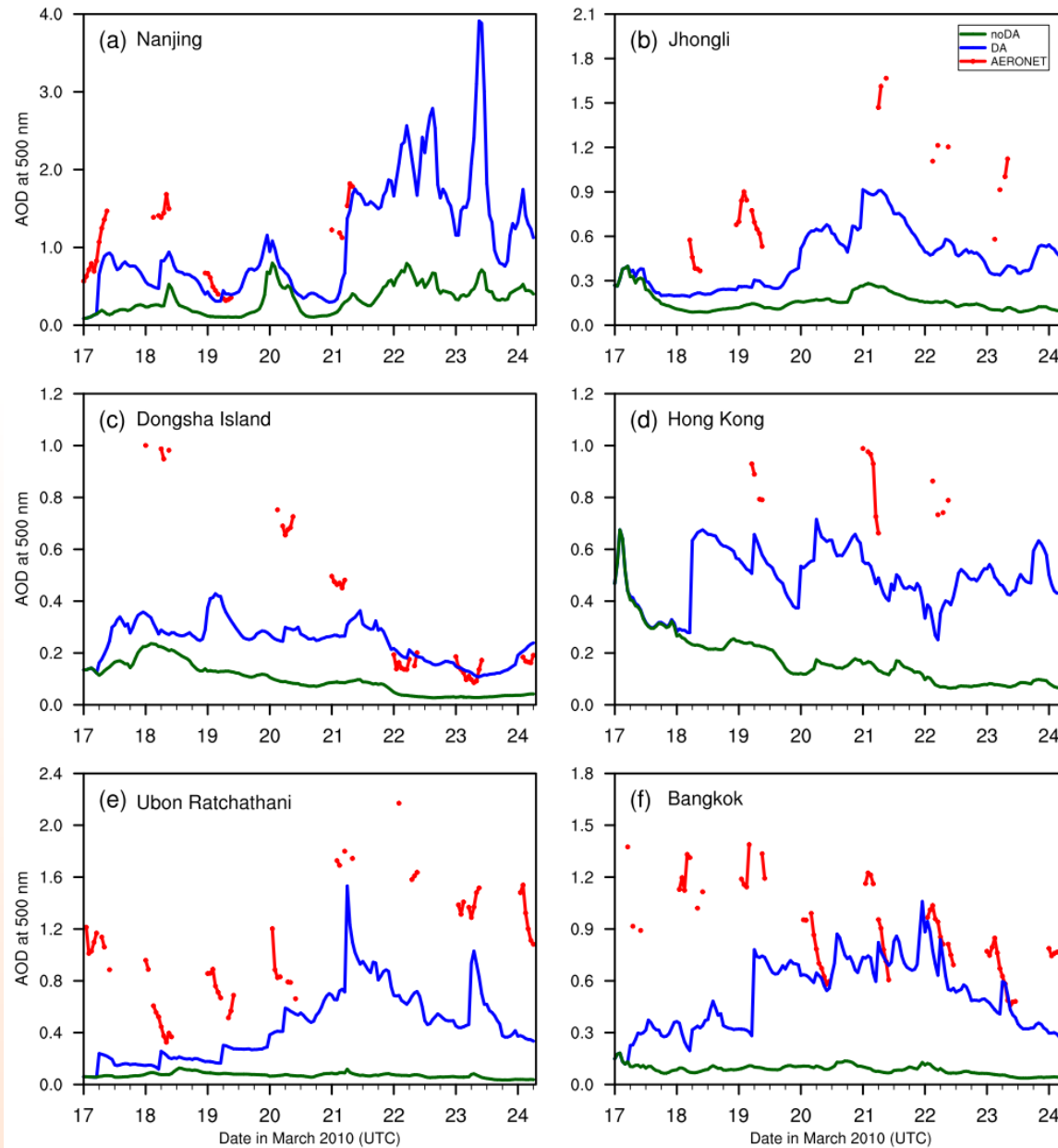
DUST

Column dust vs. MODIS true color image. 2010032103



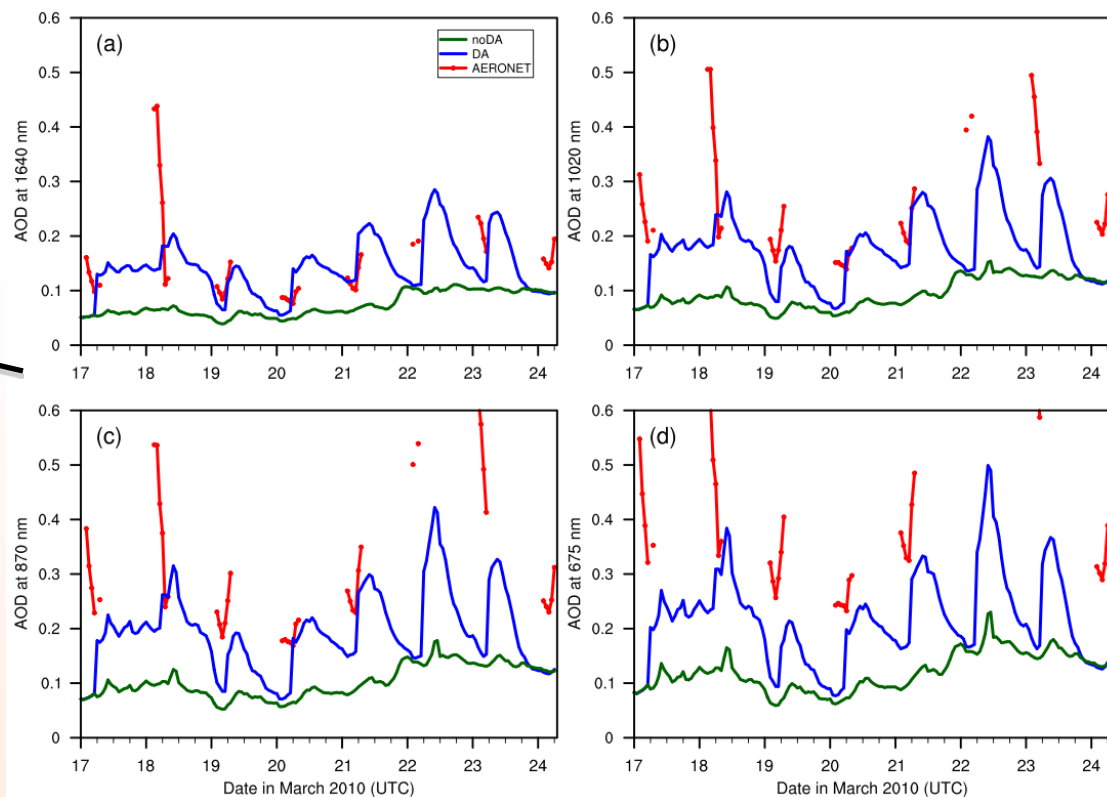
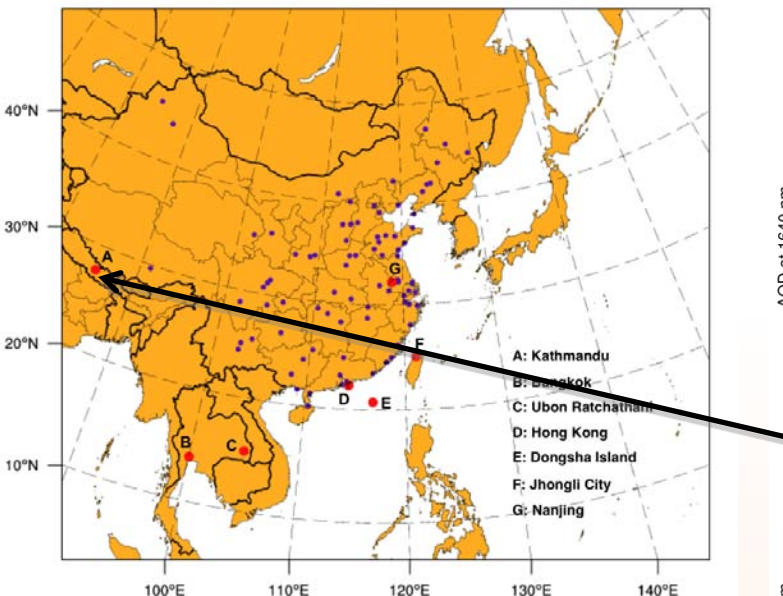
mg/kg

Verify @550nm at other 6 AERONET sites



Verify vs. AERONET AOD @1640, 1020, 870, 675 nm

Kathmandu of Nepal

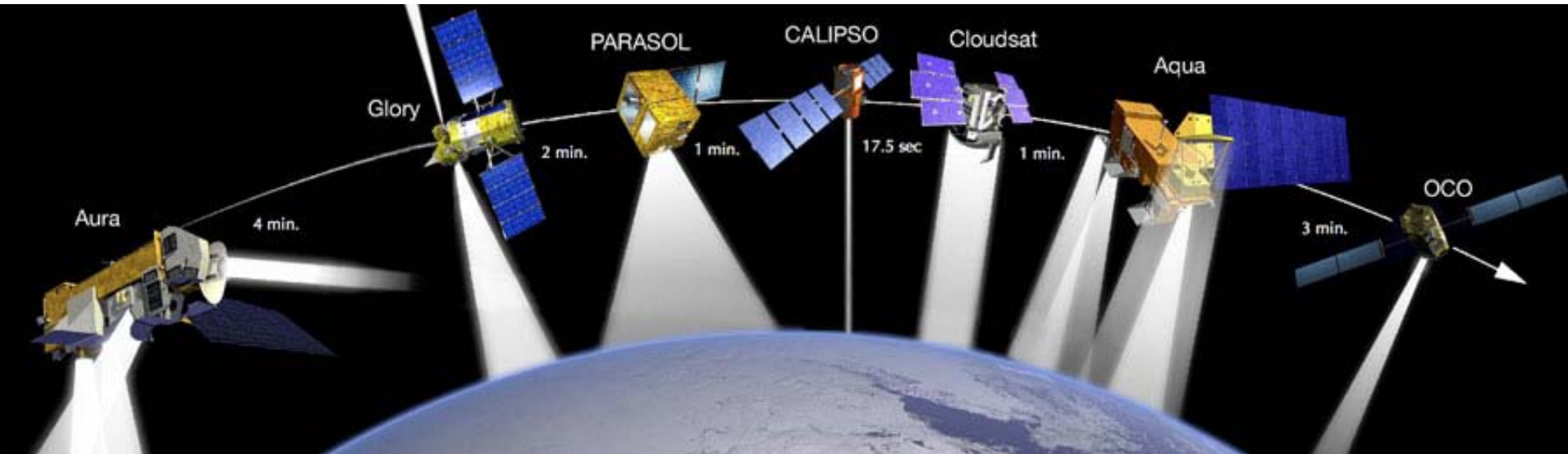


AERONET obs and DA likely reflect air-pollution variation due to the traffic.

Verify vs. CALIPSO AOD

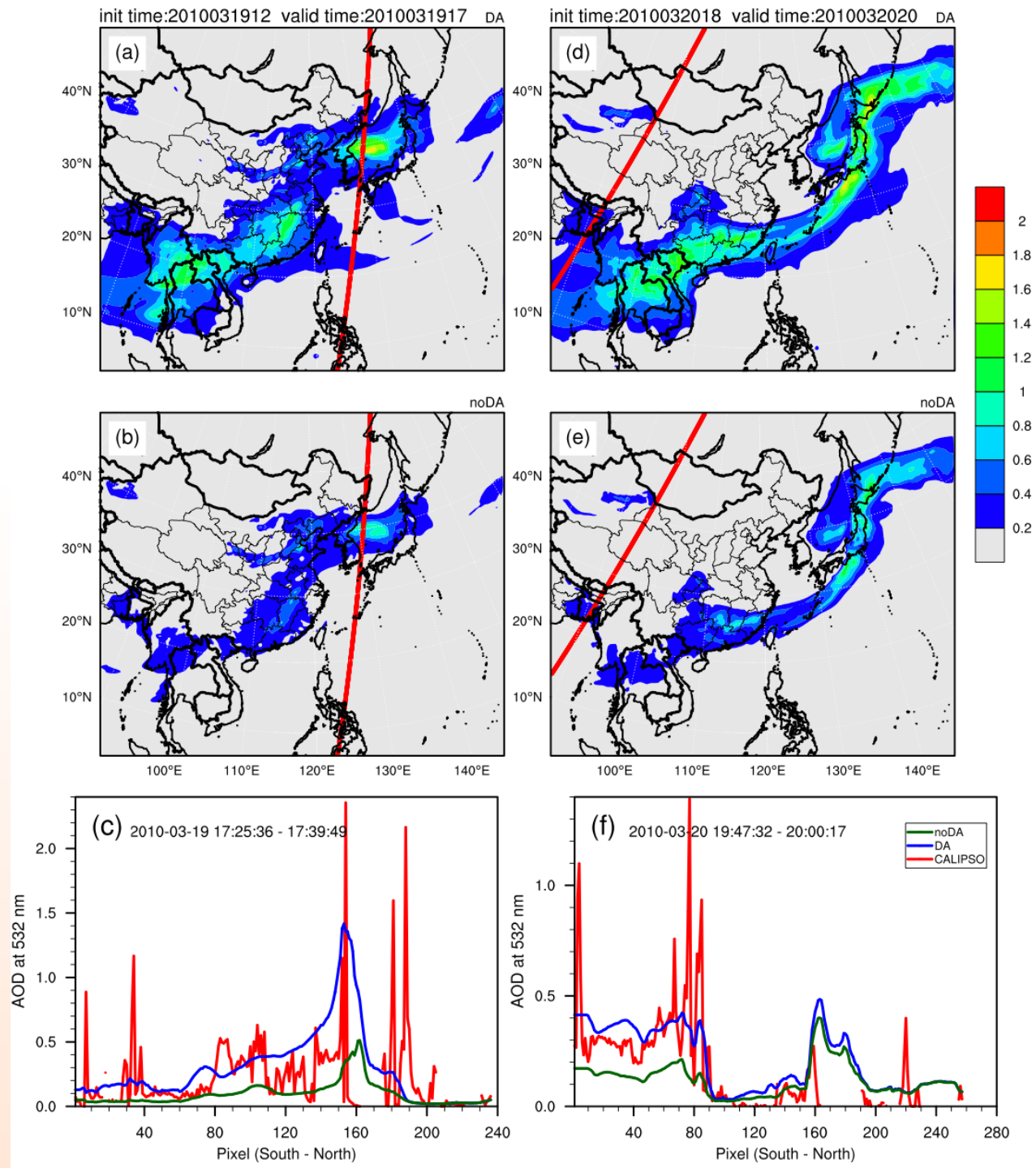
CALIPSO: Cloud-Aerosol Lidar and Infrared Pathfinder Satellite Observations

Instrument CALIOP: Cloud-Aerosol Lidar with Orthogonal Polarization



“A-train” Constellation

Verify vs. CALIPSO AOD



Future work

- Assimilate multi-spectral/sensor/angle AOD products
 - Improve QC and observation error modeling
 - GOES, AVHRR, SeaWiFS, MISR, future GOES-R/VIIRS ...
- Assimilate other aerosol related observations
 - e.g., PM_{2.5}/PM₁₀, Lidar ext. coeffs. profiles (both ground- and satellite-based)
- Explore direct radiance DA for aerosol analysis
- Develop 4DVAR and EnDA approaches for aerosol analysis
- Extend to general chemical DA
- More applications
 - Dust, air-quality, biomass burning, volcanic ash, weather-aerosol interaction ...